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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO		
10/696,805	10/29/2003	Rong-Chang Liang	07783.0082.NPUS00	1310		
75	90 05/19/2005	EXAMINER				
Howrey Simon Arnold & White, LLP 301 Ravenswood Avenue Box 34 Menlo Park, CA 94025			HASAN, MOI	HASAN, MOHAMMED A		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			2873			
			DATE MAILED: 05/19/2009	5		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application	on No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/696,80)5	LIANG ET AL.				
		Examiner		Art Unit				
		Mohamme		2873				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communicati or Reply	ion appears on the	cover sheet with the c	correspondence a	ddress			
THE - External after - If the - If NC - Failur Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICAT nsions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communicate period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) day period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutor reto reply within the set or extended period for reply will, the period by the Office later than three months after the patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	FION. CFR 1.136(a). In no evilation. ys, a reply within the stat y period will apply and w by statute, cause the app	ent, however, may a reply be tin utory minimum of thirty (30) day ill expire SIX (6) MONTHS from lication to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status								
1)	1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 10 February 2005.							
2a)⊠	This action is FINAL . 2b)	☐ This action is n	on-final.					
3)□	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims							
5)⊠	_ ', '							
Applicati	ion Papers							
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the ExThe drawing(s) filed on <u>29 October 2003</u> Applicant may not request that any objection Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the The oath or declaration is objected to by	is/are: a) acc to the drawing(s) to correction is require	ne held in abeyance. See held if the drawing(s) is ob	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 C	FR 1.121(d).			
Priority (ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.								
Attachmen	` '		" □					
1), L Notic 2) Notic	e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-9	948)	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da					
3) 🔲 Inforr	nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO r No(s)/Mail Date		5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:		O-152)			

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DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

1. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

Claims 1- 10, 13 - 29, and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated by Liang et al (6,831,770 B2).

Regarding claim 1, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) an electrophoretic display which comprises more than one layer (two conductive layers 86 and 87) of display cells (80) filled with electrophoretic fluids (column 10, lines 55 – 67, column 11, lines 1-8).

Regarding claim 2, Liang et al discloses(refer to figure 8) wherein filled display cells are sealed with a polymeric sealing layer (81) (column 10, lines 57).

Regarding claim 3, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) wherein the display cells are separated by partition walls (83) (column 10, line 62).

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Regarding claim 4, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) wherein polymeric sealing layer encloses the electrophoretic fluid (85) within each cell and sealing adheres to the surface of the partition walls of the cells (column 10, lines 55 - 67).

Regarding claim 5, Liang et al discloses, wherein cells are partially filled with electrophoertic fluids (as shown in figure 7g).

Regarding claim 6, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) wherein polymeric sealing layer (81) is contact with the top surface of the electrophoretic fluid (column 10, line 57, column 2, line 34).

Regarding claim 7, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) wherein the display cells are the partition type display cells (column 1, lines 30 - 35).

Regarding claim 8, Liang et al discloses, wherein display cells are the microgroove or microchannel type display cells (column 9, lines 14 - 16).

Regarding claim 9, Liang et al discloses, wherein the display cells are microcapsules having a cell size ranging from about 10 to about 200µm (column 7, lines 36 - 45).

Regarding claim 10, Liang et al discloses, wherein the display cells are microcapsules having a cell size ranging from about 30 to about 120µm (column 7, lines 36 - 45).

Regarding claim 13, Liang et al discloses, wherein each layer of display cells has a thickness in the range of about 10 to about 100µm (column 10, lines 56 - 59).

Regarding claim 14, Liang et al discloses, wherein each layer of display cells has a thickness in the range of about 12 to 30µm (column 10, lines 56 - 59).

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Regarding claim 15, Liang et al discloses, wherein the display cells are filled with electrophoretic fluids of different colors, optical densities, switching speeds or magnetic properties (column 9, lines 28 - 37).

Regarding claim 16, Liang et al discloses, wherein one of more than one of display cells having shape, dimension or ratio of opening to total area different from those of display cells of another layer (column 2, lines 26 – 32).

Regarding claim 17, Liang et al discloses wherein the cells are separated by inactive partition areas and the electrophoretic fluid is enclosed within each cell by a polymeric sealing layer (column 4, lines 26 - 44)

Regarding claim 18, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) wherein inactive partition areas of a layer are positioned with registration to area of display cells filled with electrophoretic fluids another layer in a staggered fashion.

Regarding claim 19, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) which comprises one top layer (86) of display cells and one bottom layer (87) of display cells (i.e., display cell 80) (column 11, lines 3 - 8).

Regarding claim 20, Liang et al discloses, the display cells are filled with an electrophoretic fluid comprising white pigment particles (column 9, lines 20 - 25).

Regarding claim 21, Liang et al discloses, a display cells which are filled with an electrophoretic fluid white pigment particles or pigment – containing microparticles dispersed in a black solvent or solvent mixture (column 9, lines 20 - 28).

Regarding claim 22, Liang et al discloses, a multicolor (i.e., D max state) electrophoretic display wherein the bottom layer on the non-viewing side comprises

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black cells are filled with an electrophoretic fluid comprising whit pigment particles or pigment – containing microparticles dispersed a black solvent or solvent mixture (column 9, lines 20 - 28).

Regarding claim 23, Liang et al discloses, a full color or multi-color electrophoretic display wherein the bottom layer on the non-viewing side comprises red, green, blue and black cells which are filled with electrophoretic fluids comprising white pigment particles or pigment- containing microparticles dispersed in red, green, blue and black solvent or solvent mixture, respectively and the top layers comprises red, green and blue cells which are filled with electrophoretic fluids comprising white pigment particles or pigment—containing microparticles dispersed in red, green and blue solvent or solvent mixture (column 9, lines 20- 37).

Regarding claim 24, Liang et al discloses, wherein the colored cells and inactive partition areas of the two layers are arranged in a staggered fashion that the red, green, blue and black cells of the bottom layer respectively (column 8, lines 1 - 18).

Regarding claim 25, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 8) an electromagnetophoretic display which comprises one top layer (86) of display cells and one bottom layer (87) comprising display cells which are filled with an electromagnetophoretic fluid (85) comprising a mixture of black magnetic particles and white non-magnetic particles dispersed in a colorless clear solvent or solvent (column 10, lines 55 – 67, column 11, lines 1 - 6).

Regarding claim 26, Liang et al discloses, wherein the top layer (74) comprises red, green and blue cells which are filled with electrophoretic fluids comprising white

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particles dispersed in red, green and blue solvents respectively (column 10, lines 14 – 49).

Regarding claim 27, Liang et al discloses, wherein the top layer comprises display cells which are filled with an electrophoretic fluid a mixture of white and black particles dispersed in a colorless clear solvent or solvent mixture (column 8,lines 1 - 18).

Regarding claim 28, Liang et al discloses (refer to figures 6 and 8) a process for the manufacture of an electrophoretic display of more than one layer (60 and 67) of display cells, which process comprises (a) preparing separately two layers of display cells, each having a conductor film side (66) and a sealing side (67); and (b) laminating one of the layers over other optionally with an adhesive layer (column 11, lines 12 – 50).

Regarding claim 29, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 6) wherein step (a) is carried out by forming display cells (60) over a conductor film (67), filling cells with an electrophoretic fluid and sealing are filled cells with a polymeric sealing layer (81) (column 9, lines 17 – 57, column 11, line 5).

Regarding claim 34, Liang et al discloses (refer to figure 6) wherein step (b) is carried out by laminating one layer of the display cells over layer with the sealing sides of the two layers facing each other (column 11, lines 17 – 57, column 12, lines 1 - 22).

Allowable Subject Matter

2. Claims 35 – 46 are allowed.

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3. The following is an examiner's statement of reasons for allowance: The prior art taken either singularly or in a combination fails to anticipate or fairly suggest the limitations of the independent claims, in such a manner that a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 102 or 103 would be proper. The prior art fails to teach a combination of all the claimed features as presented in independent claim 35, for example which include a process for the preparation of an electrophoretic display of more than one layer of display cells and process comprises (a) forming a first layer and first layer having a conductor film side and sealing side (b) forming a second layer of display cells on a transfer release layer (c) laminating a second layer over the first layer and removing the transfer release layer (d) optionally forming separately additional layers of display cells on transfer release layers and each layer having a transfer release layer side and a sealing side (e) laminating each of additionally layers over a stack of layers already formed and removing the transfer release layer (f) laminating a second conductor film over a stack .

- 4. Claims 11 12, and 30 33 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims, display cells has a thickness in the range of about 10 to about $100\mu m$,.
- 5. The following is a statement of reasons for the indication of allowable subject matter: The prior art fails to show where the cells are prepared by microembossing, cells are prepared by photolithography or prepunched holes, and two layers are prepared by different methods, display cells are sandwiched between two conductor films and then shortest distance between the two conductor films is in the range of

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about 15 to about 200 μ m, the shortest distance between the two conductor films is in the range of about 20 to about 50 μ m, and wherein each layer of display cells has a thickness in the range of about 12 to 30 μ m.

6. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. The closest prior art

Liang et al (6,859,302 B2) discloses an electrophoretic display and novel process for its manufacture.

Amundson (6,842,279 B2) discloses an illumination system for nonemissive electronic display.

Linet et al (6,577,433 B1) discloses an electrophoretic displays, display fluids for use therein and methods of display images.

Response to Arguments

7. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1- 10, 13 - 29, and 34 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

8. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

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A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

9. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Mohammed Hasan whose telephone number is (571) 272-2331. The examiner can normally be reached on M-TH, 7:00 AM to 5:30 PM.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Georgia Epps can be reached on (571) 272- 2328. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

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April 20, 2005

Georgia Epps

Supervisory Patent Examiner
Technology Center 2800